

Performance Optimization 101

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Exercise

HTTP API server

API

GET /date - returns today's date

GET /time - returns the unix time in seconds

```
curl -i 'http://localhost:9090/date'  
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

Content-Length: 10
Connection: Keep-Alive

2014-03-05

```
curl -i 'http://localhost:9090/time'  
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

Content-Length: 10
Connection: Keep-Alive

1394059603

HTTP API server

TODO

- accepting connections
- parsing http requests
- routing
- building responses

HTTP API server

accepting connections

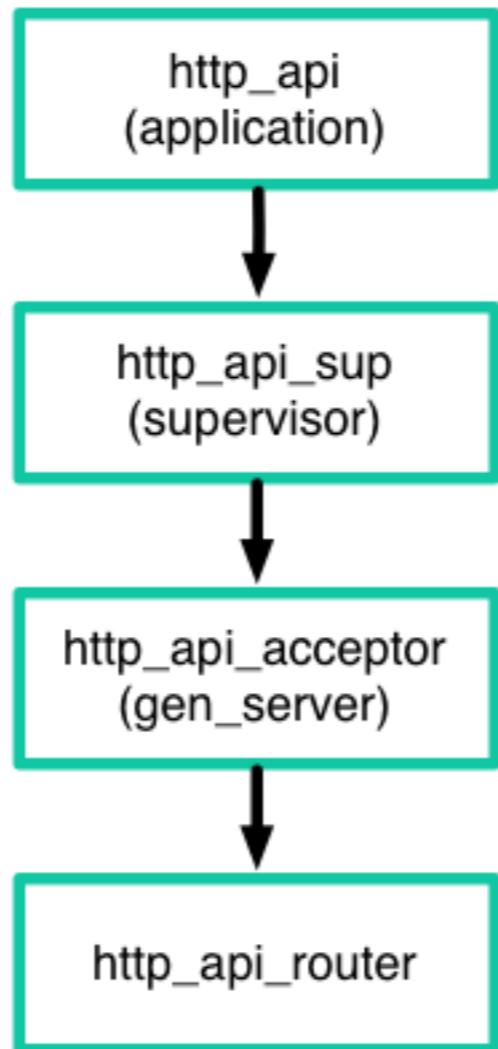
```
start() ->
    {ok, ListenSocket} = gen_tcp:listen(9090, []),
    accept_loop(ListenSocket).

accept_loop(ListenSocket) ->
    case gen_tcp:accept(ListenSocket) of
        {ok, Socket} ->
            Pid = spawn(?MODULE, handle_request, [Socket]),
            gen_tcp:controlling_process(Socket, Pid),
            accept_loop(ListenSocket);
        {error, Reason} ->
            exit(Reason)
    end.

handle_request(Socket) ->
    gen_tcp:close(Socket).
```

HTTP API server

accepting connections



HTTP API server

accepting connections

- gen_tcp:controlling_process/2 is slow
- spawn worker with ListenSocket
- worker accepts and ack's listener

HTTP API server

accepting connections

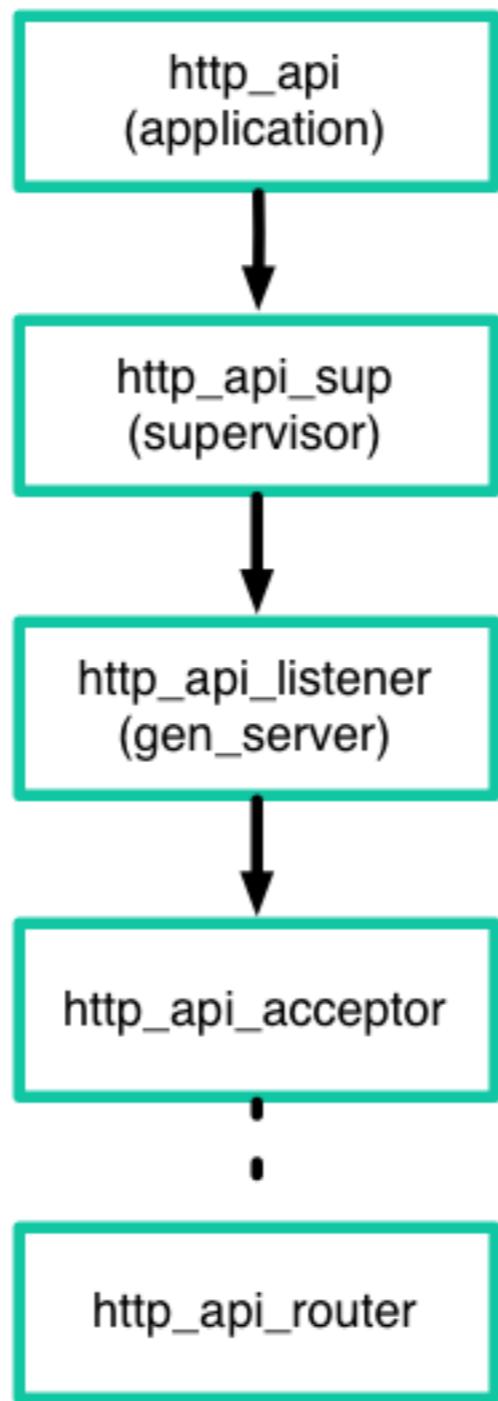
```
start() ->
    {ok, ListenSocket} = gen_tcp:listen(9090, []),
    self() ! {ack, self()},
    listener_loop(ListenSocket).

listener_loop(ListenSocket) ->
    Pid = self(),
    receive
        {ack, Pid} ->
            spawn(?MODULE, acceptor, [ListenSocket, Pid]),
            listener_loop(ListenSocket)
    end.

acceptor(ListenSocket, Pid) ->
    case gen_tcp:accept(ListenSocket) of
        {ok, Socket} ->
            Pid ! {ack, Pid},
            erlang:yield(),
            handle_request(Socket);
        {error, Reason} ->
            exit(Reason)
    end.
```

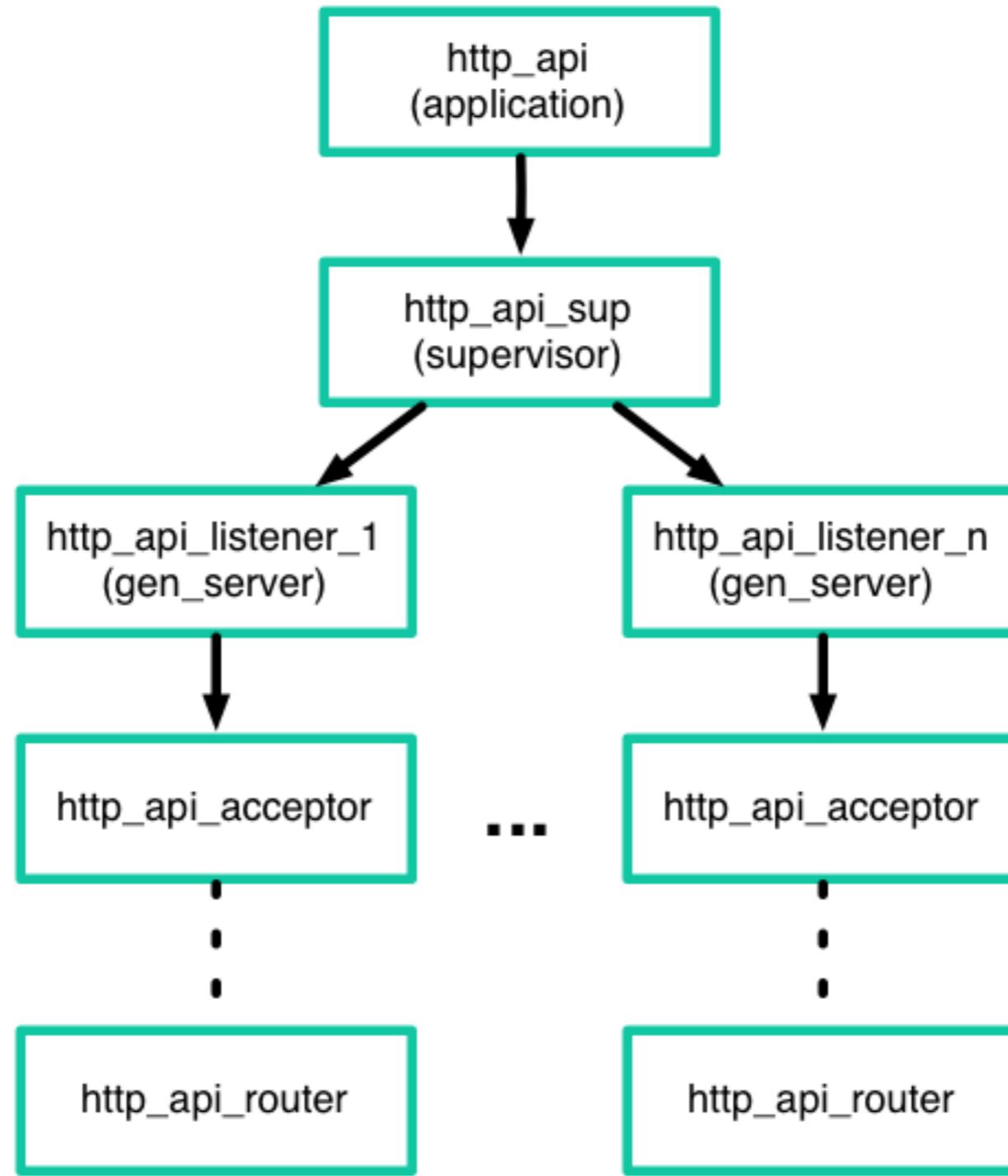
HTTP API server

accepting connections



HTTP API server

accepting connections



HTTP API server

accepting connections

- use proc_lib instead of gen_server
- socket options:
 - binary
 - {backlog, 4196}
 - {raw, 6, 9, <<30:32/native>>}

HTTP API server

parsing request

```
request(Socket, Req) ->
    case gen_tcp:recv(Socket, 0, 30000) of
        {ok, {http_request, Method, Uri, Version}} ->
            headers(Socket, Req#req{
                method = Method,
                uri = Uri,
                http_vsn = Version
            }, []);
        {error, {http_error, "\r\n"}} ->
            request(Socket, Req);
        {error, {http_error, "\n"}} ->
            request(Socket, Req)
    end.

headers(Socket, Req, Headers) ->
    case gen_tcp:recv(Socket, 0, 30000) of
        {ok, {http_header, _, Header, _, Val}} ->
            headers(Socket, Req, [{Header, Val} | Headers]);
        {error, {http_error, "\r\n"}} ->
            headers(Socket, Req, H);
        {error, {http_error, "\n"}} ->
            headers(Socket, Req, H);
        {ok, http_eoh} ->
            body(Socket, Req#req{headers = lists:reverse(H)})
    end.
```

HTTP API server

parsing request

```
parse_method(<<"GET ", Rest/binary>>, Req) ->
    parse_uri(Rest, Req#req {method = 'GET'});
parse_method(<<"POST ", Rest/binary>>, Req) ->
    parse_uri(Rest, Req#req {method = 'POST'});
parse_method(_Else, Req) ->
    Req.

parse_uri(<<" ", Rest/binary>>, Req) ->
    parse_version(Rest, Req);
parse_uri(<<A:1/binary, Rest/binary>>, #req {uri = undefined} = Req) ->
    parse_uri(Rest, Req#req {uri = A});
parse_uri(<<A:1/binary, Rest/binary>>, #req {uri = Uri} = Req) ->
    parse_uri(Rest, Req#req {uri = <<Uri/binary, A/binary>>}). 

parse_version(<<"HTTP/1.1\r\n", Rest/binary>>, Req) ->
    parse_headers(Rest, Req#req {http_vsn = {1,1}});
parse_version(<<"HTTP/1.0\r\n", Rest/binary>>, Req) ->
    parse_headers(Rest, Req#req {http_vsn = {1,0}});
parse_version(_Request, Req) ->
    Req.
```

HTTP API server

parsing request

- binary matching is very powerful!
- working with binaries is more memory efficient
 - binaries over 64 bytes are shared (not copied)
- faster than the built-in http parser (BIF) when running on many cores and using hipe
- keep state in a record
 - O(1) lookups

HTTP API server

routing

```
route(#req {method = Method, uri = Uri} = Req) ->
    route(Method, Uri, Req).

route('GET', <<"/date">>, Req) ->
    {ok, Req#req {
        status_code = 200,
        resp_headers = [{<<"Connection">>, <<"Keep-Alive">>}],
        resp_body = date_binary()
    }};
route('GET', <<"/time">>, Req) ->
    {ok, Req#req {
        status_code = 200,
        resp_headers = [{<<"Connection">>, <<"Keep-Alive">>}],
        resp_body = unix_time_binary()
    }};
route(_Method, _Uri, Req) ->
    {ok, Req#req {
        connection = close,
        status_code = 404,
        resp_body = <<"not found">>
    }}.
```

HTTP API server

routing

pattern matching is awesome!

HTTP API server

building response

```
date_binary() ->
    {Y, M, D} = date(),
    list_to_binary(integer_to_list(Y) ++ "-" ++
                  integer_to_list_with_pad(M) ++ "-" ++
                  integer_to_list_with_pad(D)).

integer_to_list_with_pad(Integer) when Integer < 10 ->
    "0" ++ integer_to_list(Integer);
integer_to_list_with_pad(Integer) ->
    integer_to_list(Integer).

unix_time_binary() ->
    {Mega, Sec, _Micro} = erlang:now(),
    integer_to_binary(Mega * 1000000 + Sec).
```

HTTP API server

building response

```
date_binary() ->
    {Y, M, D} = date(),
    <<(integer_to_binary(Y))/binary, "-",
        (integer_to_binary_with_pad(M))/binary, "-",
        (integer_to_binary_with_pad(D))/binary>>.

integer_to_binary_with_pad(Integer) when Integer < 10 ->
    <<"0", (integer_to_binary(Integer))/binary>>;
integer_to_binary_with_pad(Integer) ->
    integer_to_binary(Integer).

unix_time_binary() ->
    {Mega, Sec, _Micro} = os:timestamp(),
    integer_to_binary(Mega * 1000000 + Sec).
```

HTTP API server

building response

```
date_binary() ->
    [{date_binary, Date}] = ets:lookup(?CACHE, date_binary).
    Date.

unix_time_binary() ->
    [{unix_time_binary, Time}] = ets:lookup(?CACHE, unix_time_binary).
    Time.
```

HTTP API server

building response

- ETS is your friend!
- cache time date in ETS public table
 - {read_concurrency, true}
- if you store a binary over 64 bytes, it won't get copied!
- have a gen_server update the cache
 - every second for the time
 - every day for the date

HTTP API server

building response

- do not try to rewrite everything
- use community projects and contribute back!
- often your application will spend most of its time talking to external services
- premature optimization is usually bad

Gotchas

slow functions / modules

- `erlang:now/0` vs `os:timestamp/0`
- `proplists:get_value()` vs `lists:keyfind()`
- `timer:send_after()` vs `erlang:send_after()`
- `gen_udp:send()` vs `erlang:port_command()`
- avoid `erlang:controlling_process()` if you can
- avoid base64, string, unicode modules

Tools

Profiling

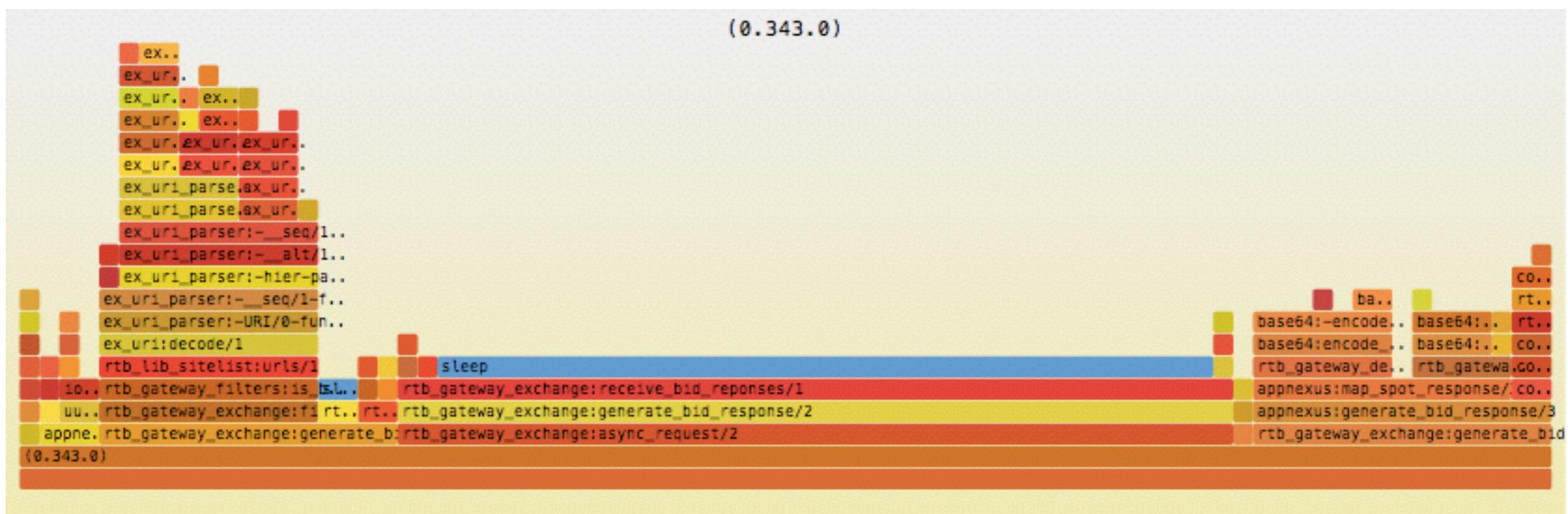
info

- useful to find slow code paths
- fprof
 - uses erlang:trace/3
 - output is really hard to understand
 - erlgrind to read in kcachegrind
- eflame
 - also uses erlang:trace/3
 - nice graphical output

Eflame

info

- flamechart.pl (from Joyent)
- makes it visually easy to find slow function calls



Eflame

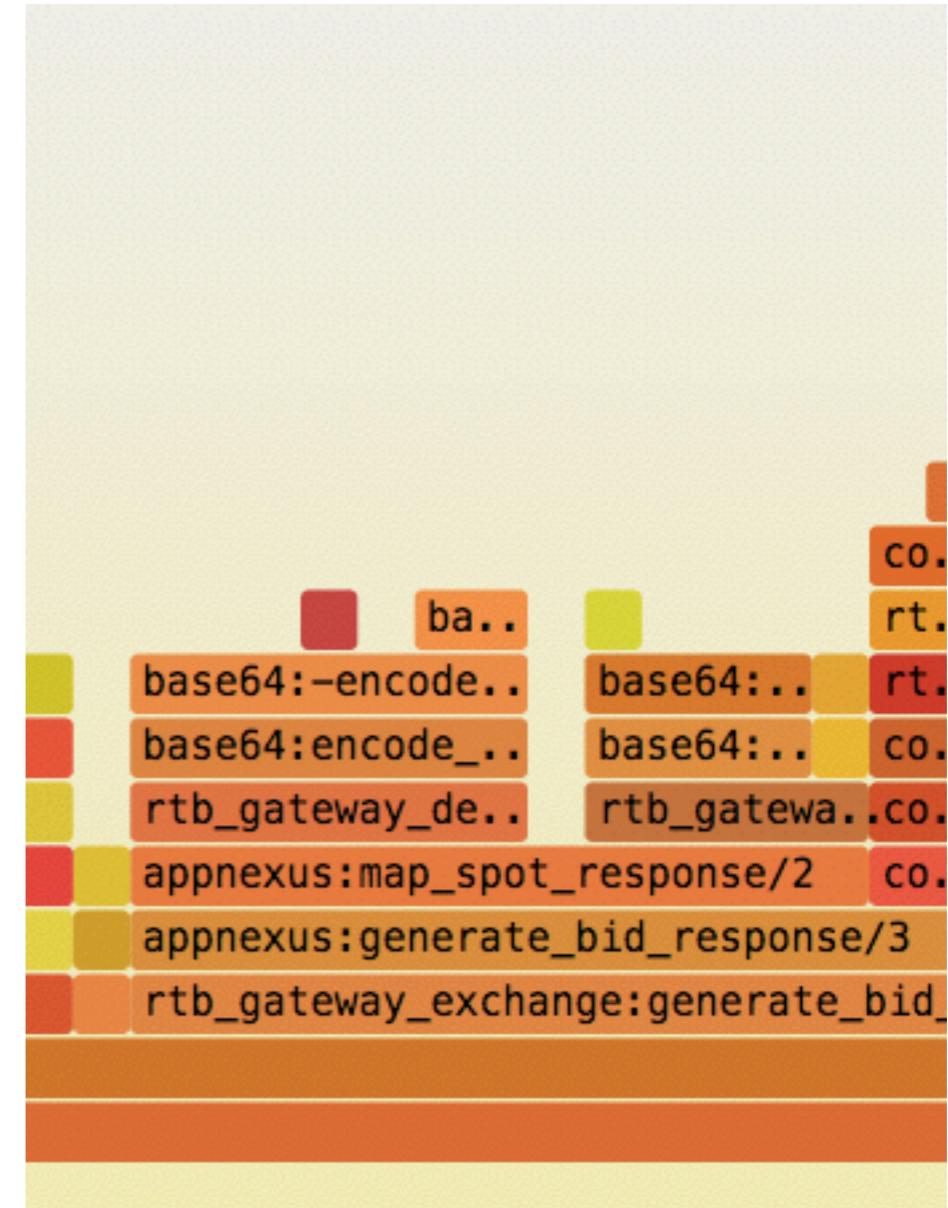
how to

```
eflame:apply(normal_with_children, "stacks.out", M, F, A)  
./stacks_to_flames.sh stacks.out
```

```
% eflame.erl  
-define(DEFAULT_MODE, normal_with_children).  
-define(DEFAULT_OUTPUT_FILE, "stacks.out").  
-define(DEFAULT_RESOLUTION, 1). %% US
```

Eflame

info



Micro benchmarks

info

- start with profiling
- useful for experimentation and to validate hypothesis
- small benchmarking library called timing
 - uses the excellent bear (statistics) library

Micro benchmarks

how to

```
timing:function(fun () -> erlang:now() end, 100000, 1000).
[ {min,0},
  {max,330339},
  {arithmetic_mean,664.4683888147711},
  {geometric_mean,12.826192995528386},
  {harmonic_mean,6.631306040286247},
  {median,15},
  {variance,107540428.49053556},
  {standard_deviation,10370.170128331336},
  {skewness,22.220345603769573},
  {kurtosis,566.1172633985375},
  {percentile,[{50,15},
    {75,17},
    {90,22},
    {95,33},
    {99,96},
    {999,202448}]},
  {histogram,[{400,740829},
    {800,12},
    {1200,349},
    {1600,17},
    {2000,133},
    {2400,226},
    {2800,6},
    {4000,179},
    {5000,156},
    {6000,127},
    {7000,118},
    {8000,170},
    {9000,103},
    {10000,...},
    {...}|...]}},
  {n,748058}]
```

Micro benchmarks

info

# parallel processes	erlang:now/0	os:timestamp/0
1	0.99	0.87
10	22.87	2.54
100	168.23	16.99
1000	664.46	51.98

Hipe

info

- native, {hipe, [o3]}
- doesn't mix with NIFs
 - on_load
- switching between non-native and native code is expensive
 - different call stacks
 - might overload the code_server (bug?)
- —enable-native-libs
- hipe_bifs (sshhh)

Hipe

how to

```
5> Request = <<"GET /date HTTP/1.1\r\nUser-Agent: curl/7.30.0\r\nHost:  
localhost:9090\r\nAccept: */*\r\n\r\n">>.  
  
6> c(http_api_protocol).  
{ok,http_api_protocol}  
  
7> timing:function(fun () -> http_api_protocol:parse_request(Request) end).  
{arithmetic_mean,46.83904100069493}.  
  
8> c(http_api_protocol, [native, {hipe, [o3]}]).  
{ok,http_api_protocol}  
  
9> timing:function(fun () -> http_api_protocol:parse_request(Request) end).  
{arithmetic_mean,24.6554829742877}.
```

NIFs

info

- function that is implemented in C instead of Erlang
- can be dangerous...
 - crash VM (segfault)
 - OOM (memory leak)
 - must return < 500 us (to be safe...)
- ideally should yield and use `enif_consume_timeslice`
 - what is a reduction?
 - dirty schedulers (R17)
 - finally!

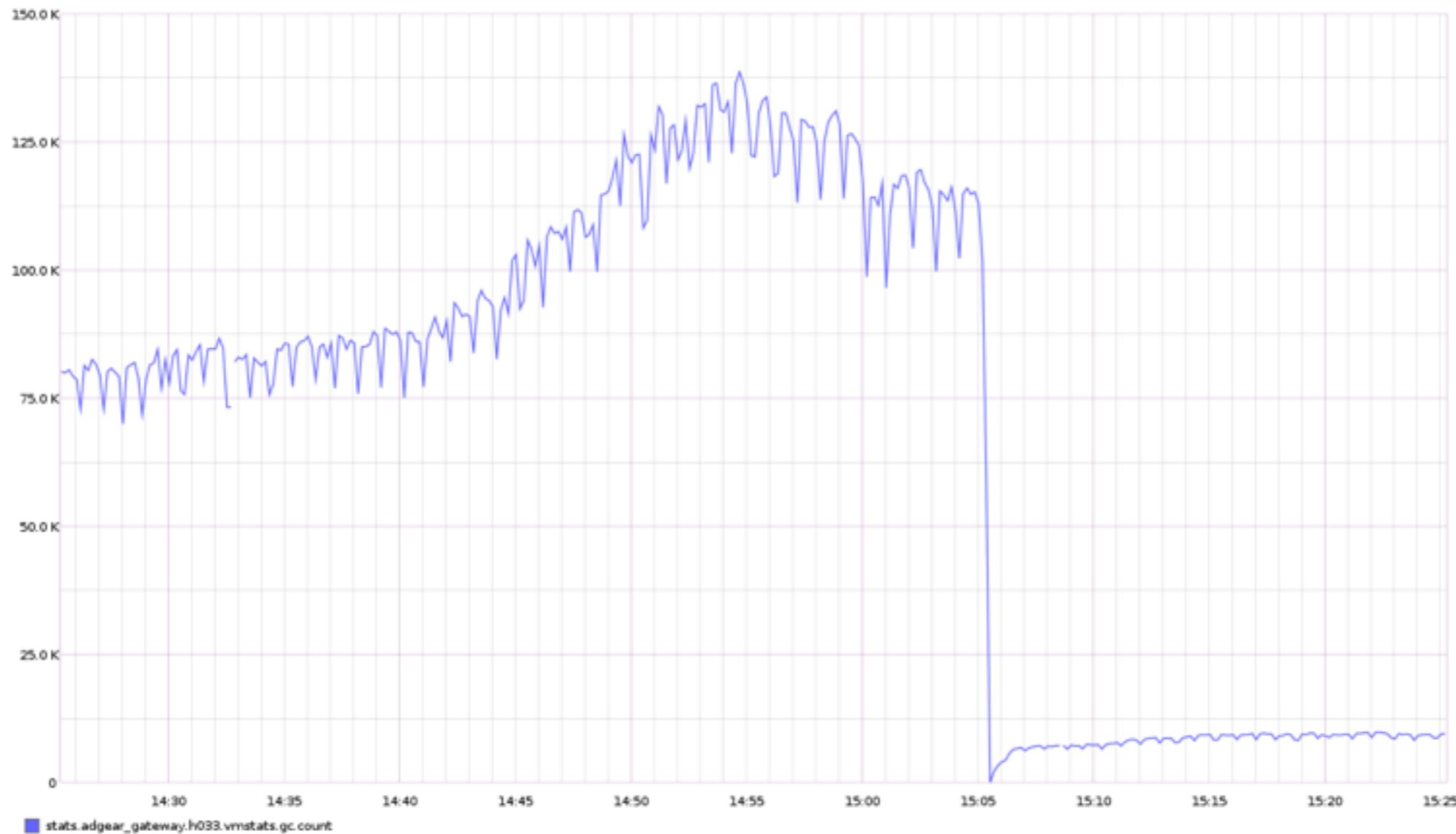
Process Tuning

info

- tune min_heap_size on spawn
- fullsweep_after if you have memory issues
 - force gc
 - +hms (set default min_heap_size)

Process Tuning

info



Monitoring

info

- statsderl for application metrics
- vmstats for VM metrics
- system_stats for OS metrics
- erlang:system_monitor/2
- entop for live system exploration

Statsderl

info

- statsd client
- very cheap to call (async)
- offers 3 kinds of metrics:
 - counters - for counting (e.g QPS)
 - gauges - for absolute values (e.g. system memory)
 - timers - similar to gauges but with extra statistics

Statsderl

how to

```
statsderl:decrement("test.decrement", 1, 0.5).  
statsderl:increment("test.increment", 10, 0.5).  
statsderl:gauge("test.gauge", 333, 1.0).  
  
Timestamp = os:timestamp(),  
% code you want to time  
timer:now_diff(os:timestamp(), Timestamp),  
statsderl:timing("test.timing", 5, 0.5).  
  
Result = statsderl:timing_fun("test.timing", fun() -> timer:sleep(100) end, 0.5).  
  
Timestamp = erlang:now(),  
% code you want to time  
statsderl:timing_now("test.timing", Timestamp, 0.5).
```

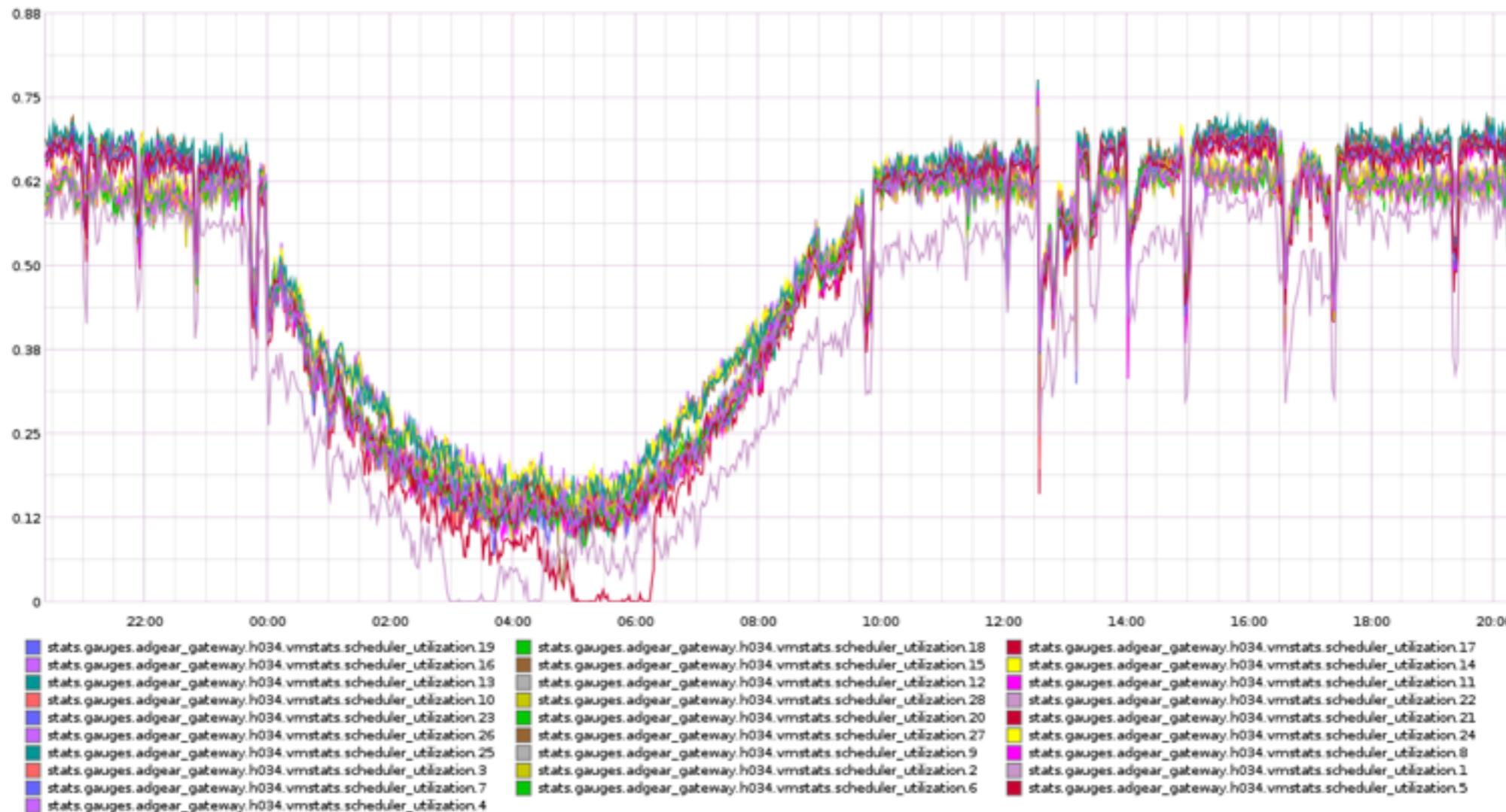
VM Stats

info

- process count
- messages in queues
- run queue length
- memory (total, proc_used, atom_used, binary, ETS)
- scheduler utilization (per scheduler)
- garbage collection (count, words reclaimed)
- reductions
- IO bytes (in/out)

VM Stats

info



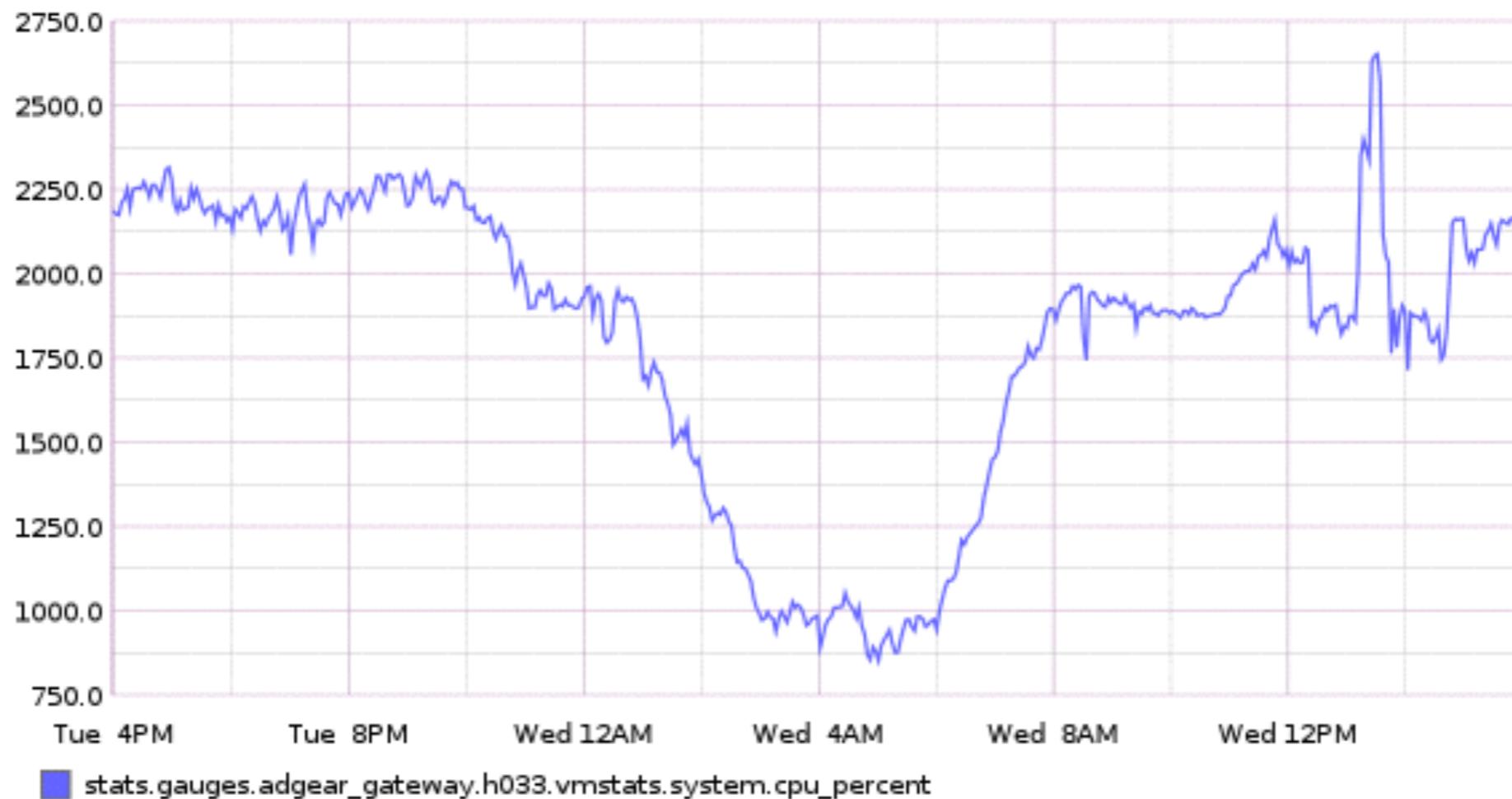
System Stats

info

- load1, load5, load15
- cpu percent
 - can be misleading because of spinning schedulers
- virtual memory size
- resident memory size
 - very useful to track those OOM crashes

System Stats

info



System Monitor

info

- monitoring for:
 - busy_port
 - busy_dist_port
 - long_gc
 - long_schedule
 - large_heap
- riak_sysmon + lager / statsderl handler

System Monitor

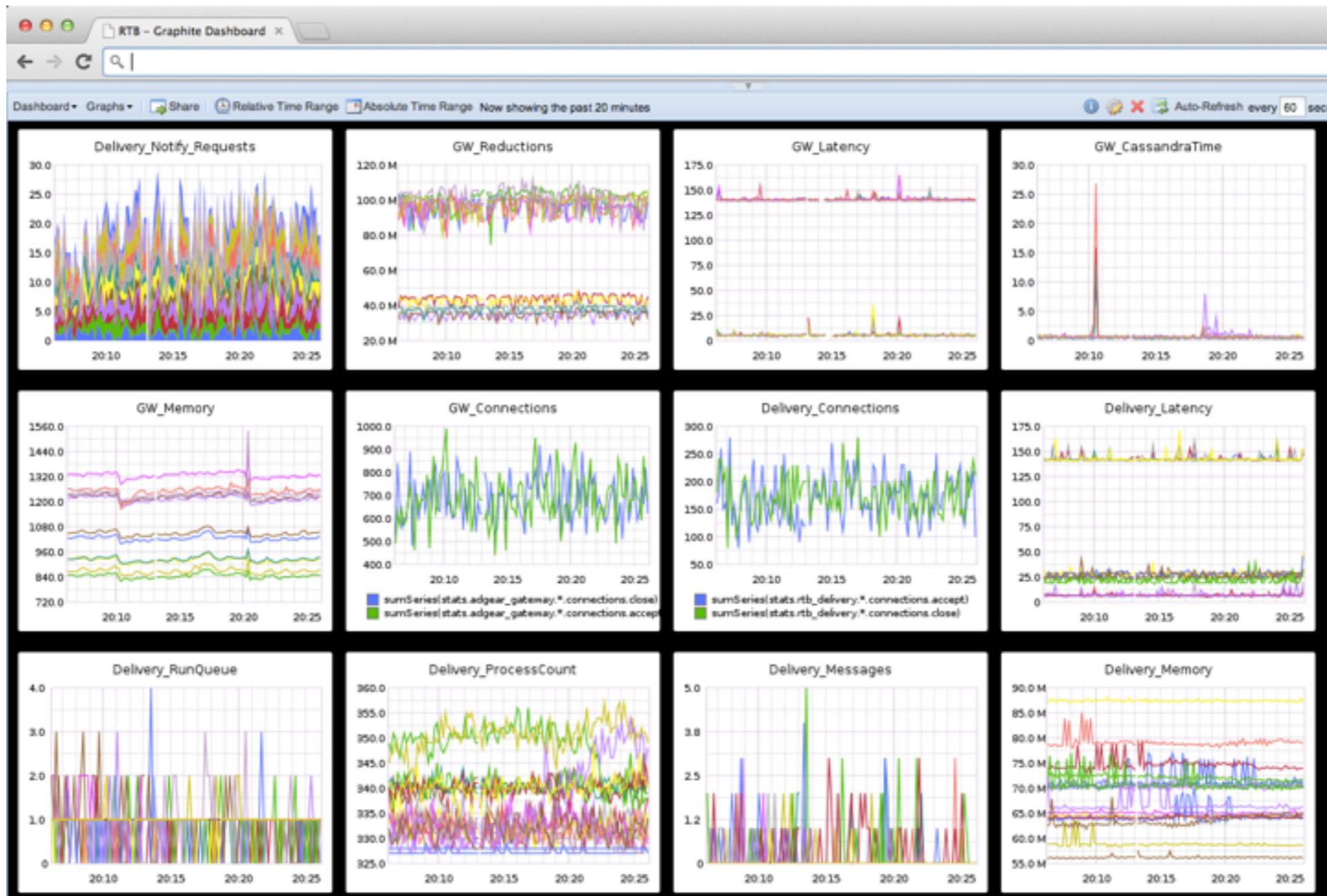
how to

```
ok = gen_event:add_sup_handler(riak_sysmon_handler, rtb_lib_sysmon_handler, [])

handle_event({monitor, _Pid, long_schedule, Opts} = Event, #state{count = Count} = State) ->
    statsderl:increment(<<"sysmon.long_schedule">>, 1, 0.2),
    statsderl:timing(<<"sysmon.long_schedule">>, ?LOOKUP(timeout, Opts), 0.2),
    lager:warning("~-p~n", [Event]),
    {ok, State#state{count = Count + 1}};
handle_event(Event, #state{count = Count} = State) ->
    lager:warning("~-p~n", [Event]),
    {ok, State#state{count = Count + 1}}.
```

Dashboard

info



Entop

info

- top(1)-like tool for the Erlang VM
- can be used remotely
- gives per process:
 - pid / name
 - reductions
 - message queue length
 - heap size

Entop

info

```
./entop node_name -setcookie my_secret
```

Interval 1000ms, Sorting on "Reductions" (Descending), Retrieved in 2ms						
Pid	Registered Name	Reductions	MQueue	HSize	SSize	HTot
<0.368.0>	-	946865	0	2586	7	2962
<0.369.0>	-	932895	0	2586	7	2962
<0.370.0>	-	903400	0	2586	7	2962
<0.372.0>	-	879539	0	2586	7	2962
<0.373.0>	-	848467	0	2586	7	2962
<0.374.0>	-	820068	0	2586	7	2962
<0.376.0>	-	787581	0	2586	7	2962
<0.377.0>	-	759779	0	2586	7	2962
<0.378.0>	-	711939	0	2586	7	2962
<0.379.0>	-	687939	0	2586	7	2962
<0.380.0>	-	623411	0	2586	7	2962
<0.381.0>	-	594057	0	2586	7	2962
<0.382.0>	-	516240	0	2586	7	2962
<0.384.0>	-	470099	0	2586	7	2962
<0.3.0>	erl_prim_loader	395737	0	610	6	3196
<0.385.0>	-	376834	0	2586	7	2962
<0.386.0>	-	331733	0	2586	7	2962
<0.387.0>	-	246482	0	2586	7	2962
<0.389.0>	-	209602	0	2586	7	2962
<0.390.0>	-	170531	0	2586	7	2962
<0.396.0>	-	145771	0	2586	7	2962
<0.25.0>	code_server	122629	0	6772	3	17730
<0.6.0>	error_logger	70719	0	4185	9	10957
<0.11.0>	kernel_sup	49074	0	2586	9	20317
<0.30.0>	user	42568	0	4185	4	8370
<0.0.0>	init	12965	0	2586	2	3196
<0.12.0>	rex	10966	0	28690	9	29066
<0.32.0>	-	3840	0	10958	16	21916
<0.7.0>	application_controller	3692	0	1598	7	4184
<0.50.0>	http_api_sup	2642	0	2586	9	6771
<0.42.0>	release_handler	2225	0	1508	0	2225

VM Tuning

info

- +K true (kernel polling)
- +sct db (scheduler bind)
- +scl false (disable load distribution)
- +sfwi 500 (force scheduler wakeup NIFs)
- +spp true (port parallelism)
- +zdbbl (distribution buffer busy limit)
- test with production load (synthetic benchmarks can be misleading)

Cset

info

- tool to help create cpusets
- reduces non voluntary context-switches
- reserve first two CPUs for interrupts and background jobs
- reserve rest of CPUs for the Erlang VM
- linux only

	CPU0	CPU1		
0:	43	0	IO-APIC-edge	timer
3:	551	0	IO-APIC-edge	serial
8:	58	0	IO-APIC-edge	rtc0
9:	0	0	IO-APIC-fasteoi	acpi
10:	14650468	0	IO-APIC-edge	ipmi_si
22:	40	0	IO-APIC-fasteoi	ehci_hcd:usb2
23:	162	0	IO-APIC-fasteoi	ehci_hcd:usb1
104:	0	0	PCI-MSI-edge	aerdrv
105:	0	0	PCI-MSI-edge	aerdrv
106:	0	0	PCI-MSI-edge	aerdrv
107:	0	0	PCI-MSI-edge	aerdrv
108:	0	0	PCI-MSI-edge	aerdrv
109:	0	0	PCI-MSI-edge	aerdrv
113:	0	0	PCI-MSI-edge	aerdrv
114:	7677705	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
115:	9340356	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
116:	268980	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
117:	337767	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
118:	273028	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
119:	346907	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
120:	278645	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
121:	344484	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
122:	278411	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
123:	353350	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
124:	294236	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
125:	367201	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
126:	2120612	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
127:	4263222	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
128:	2283602	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
129:	4525298	0	PCI-MSI-edge	megasas
130:	2645884022	0	PCI-MSI-edge	enol-0
131:	2691589528	0	PCI-MSI-edge	enol-1
132:	2421966360	0	PCI-MSI-edge	enol-2
133:	2369964707	0	PCI-MSI-edge	enol-3
134:	3864773064	0	PCI-MSI-edge	enol-4
NMI:	0	0	Non-maskable interrupts	
LOC:	58208657	75199933	Local timer interrupts	
SPU:	0	0	Spurious interrupts	
PMI:	0	0	Performance monitoring interrupts	
IWI:	235378	276891	IRQ work interrupts	
RTR:	31	0	APIC ICR read retries	
RES:	1566991201	57717439	Rescheduling interrupts	
CAL:	4294967292	9123328	Function call interrupts	
TLB:	53267	80252	TLB shootdowns	
TRM:	0	0	Thermal event interrupts	
THR:	0	0	Threshold APIC interrupts	
MCE:	0	0	Machine check exceptions	
MCP:	5472	5472	Machine check polls	

Cpuset

how to

```
cset shield -c 1,3-15,17,19-31  
/usr/bin/cset shield -e your_program
```

```
pidstat -w -p 11021 -t -T ALL 1 | awk '{if ($5 > 0.0) print}'
```

	TGID	TID	cswch/s	nvcswch/s	Command
16:15:35	-	11038	1017.00	313.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11039	2522.00	1140.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11040	1003.00	411.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11041	2427.00	485.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11042	959.00	680.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11043	2410.00	686.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11044	989.00	432.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11045	2335.00	287.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11046	1029.00	359.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11047	2417.00	433.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11048	1050.00	1252.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11049	2770.00	434.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11050	1026.00	621.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11051	3133.00	886.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11052	921.00	1504.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11053	3564.00	1553.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11054	1047.00	105.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11055	2425.00	255.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11056	1066.00	298.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11057	2347.00	371.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11058	965.00	24.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11059	2319.00	458.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11060	1055.00	327.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11061	2379.00	447.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11062	1032.00	151.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11063	2313.00	213.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11064	1665.00	4921.00	__beam.smp
16:15:36	-	11065	973.00	2597.00	__beam.smp

```
pidstat -w -p 11021 -t -T ALL 1 | awk '{if ($5 > 0.0) print}'
```

	TGID	TID	cswch/s	nvcswch/s	Command
19:02:15	-	13794	5.00	1.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13800	1029.00	45.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13801	984.00	15.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13802	972.00	36.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13803	1028.00	11.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13804	1048.00	38.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13805	1018.00	24.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13806	1047.00	26.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13807	997.00	31.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13808	1023.00	52.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13809	1016.00	22.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13810	993.00	38.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13811	1073.00	28.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13812	1072.00	6.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13813	1056.00	9.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13814	1110.00	1.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13815	1064.00	3.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13816	1175.00	10.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13817	1147.00	4.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13818	1129.00	1.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13819	1084.00	1.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13820	1119.00	5.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13821	1124.00	5.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13822	1141.00	2.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13823	1073.00	1.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13824	1072.00	2.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13825	1109.00	2.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13826	1003.00	2.00	__beam.smp
19:02:16	-	13827	1110.00	1.00	__beam.smp

Lock counter

info

```
lock_count() ->
    lcnt:start(),
    lcnt:rt_opt({copy_save, true}),
    lcnt:clear(),
    timer:sleep(250),
    lcnt:collect(),
    lcnt:swap_pid_keys(),
    lcnt:conflicts().
```

lock	id	#tries	#collisions	collisions [%]	time [us]	duration [%]
timeofday	1	51583	11273	21.8541	38909	15.4867
pollset	1	12810	1666	13.0055	32772	13.0440
process_table	1	9777	815	8.3359	23984	9.5462
run_queue	32	193060	3639	1.8849	9679	3.8525
drv_ev_state	16	12703	254	1.9995	4873	1.9396
hipe_mfait_lock	1	29462	1910	6.4829	4111	1.6363
timer_wheel	1	19376	805	4.1546	2677	1.0655
proc_link	11146	31243	104	0.3329	677	0.2695
proc_main	11146	77526	856	1.1041	626	0.2492
proc_msgq	11146	62390	107	0.1715	396	0.1576
proc_status	11146	97533	40	0.0410	186	0.0740
bif_timers	1	728	14	1.9231	54	0.0215
sys_msg_q	1	25	1	4.0000	27	0.0107
make_ref	1	4801	37	0.7707	21	0.0084
pollset_rm_list	1	10267	20	0.1948	12	0.0048
db_hash_slot	384	4362	4	0.0917	10	0.0040

Other tools

info

- system limits
 - ulimit -n
 - sysctl
- dtrace / systemtap
 - application + OS tracing

Links

info

- <https://github.com/proger/eflame>
- <https://github.com/lpgauth/timing>
- <https://github.com/lpgauth/statsderl>
- <https://github.com/ferd/vmstats>
- <https://github.com/lpgauth/system-stats>
- <https://github.com/mazenharake/entop>
- <https://github.com/ratelle/cpuset>

Thank you!

github: lpgauth
irc: lpgauth (@erlounge)
twitter: lpgauth