Ask not what your Erlang can do for you

An Erlanger will fight to start Erlang projects, and make others start them as well

However, Erlang projects "can" fail

Oh No! People blame us and Erlang for the failure!

Using Erlang is not enough! Proper engineering *might* also help

Imagine we have a golden opportunity, our company is going to start a new project to solve a big problem

The current version of the software is a disaster



Written in a vastly inferior language

Klarna[®] Engineering

The code is so complicated that is unreliable and unmaintainable





Obviously, it is heavy and slow

We have to rebuild it in Erlang!



It is fault tolerant! No more bugs in production!



Erlang scales to the infinity!



It is functional! We will add new features in hours! If not minutes!



And it has hot code loading! No more maintenance downtime!

So you create an awesome piece of software in even less time than you promised!



... well... we've got some production issues ...



And we might have problems handling the expected load for this year ...



About doing that change... it might take a while...

Erlang is a *tool* for writing software, but writing good software is still hard

Erlang helps building fault tolerant systems



Can't we just "let it crash"?



Erlang will not design your error handling strategy for you, it just helps to implement it



It is not trivial to design a good application and supervision hierarchy

Erlang helps to use SMP CPUs efficiently



Erlang gives you a very decent model to utilise SMP CPUs efficiently



But today "scaling" usually means scaling out



"Thinking Erlang" helps designing scalable systems

Erlang helps writing concise and easy to understand code



Good developers write good code in any language, and viceversa



Engineering Coding speed becomes less relevant in the long term compared to other overheads



Hot Code Loading



It helps a lot when debugging



Implementing an application that is always running requires much more than just hot code loading



It is often simpler to write distributed applications where individual nodes can be taken down, rebooted, etc

There are Bad Things™ that we need to avoid or mitigate

Dynamic Typing





Dynamic typing is not an advantage, it is a compromise



As the software matures, you'll be fixing more and more bugs that are actually typing errors



Work your software so that it is robust against type errors

Tooling is weaker than for more popular languages



Library support might be immature or simply missing



Releasing and packaging in the large is typically painful

Rudimentary encapsulation



Erlang has a flat module name space, and only public/private visibility for functions

You'll need to be serious about architectural structure and encapsulation conventions



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You could use tools to prevent this weakness to degenerate into code rot

My fellow erlangers, ask not what your Erlang can do for you. Ask what you can do for your Erlang

About Klarna: http://engineering.klarna.com/ SignMeUp@klarna.com

About me: samuel.rivas@klarna.com @samuel_rivas