

Erlang on Rumprun Unikernel

An Erlang/Elixir platform enabling the microservices architecture.

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Special Thanks

- Antti Kantee
 - Author of Rumprun Unikernel
- Fred Hebert
 - for cool rebar3 CRUD project plugin used in demo



{Mission} Platform for the microservices architecture



Guiding Principles

- Stable & Lightweight Core
 - Maintainable
 - Multi-Platform Support
 - Release friendly
 - Simple Workflow
-

Where it's at?

- Erlang/OTP
 - Elixir
 - Single Node and Clustered
 - KVM, Qemu, Virtualbox*
 - x86, x86_64, ARM
 - Xen PV*
-

Tested Erlang/OTP Releases

- R17
- R18

What does it look like?

- Erlang/OTP BEAM VM builds to 6.3MB (stripped)
- Custom Cowboy Websocket demo builds to ~8MB
 - Boots in KVM under 2 seconds
- Hello Phoenix Elixir builds to ~19MB
 - Boots in KVM under 3 seconds
- The euc2016-cool-demo builds to ~12MB

The background image shows a panoramic view of a city skyline at dusk or night. The sky is filled with dramatic, colorful clouds ranging from deep purple to bright orange and yellow. In the center-left, the iconic Empire State Building stands tall, its Art Deco spire reaching towards the top of the frame and brightly illuminated with red, green, and blue lights. To the right, the One World Trade Center is visible, its distinctive spire reaching high into the sky. The city's numerous skyscrapers are densely packed, their windows glowing with various shades of light, creating a dense grid of points against the darkening sky.

Background

Rumprun Unikernel

The details

- A “**full stack**” solution
- Github dates back to 2013
- Builds on Rump kernels
 - early beginnings 2002 source usenix*
- Cooperative Threading
- Statically Linked
- **NO** fork / exec
- Unmodified NetBSD drivers
- **NO** virtual memory
- **Minimal** mmap support
- **NO** SMP

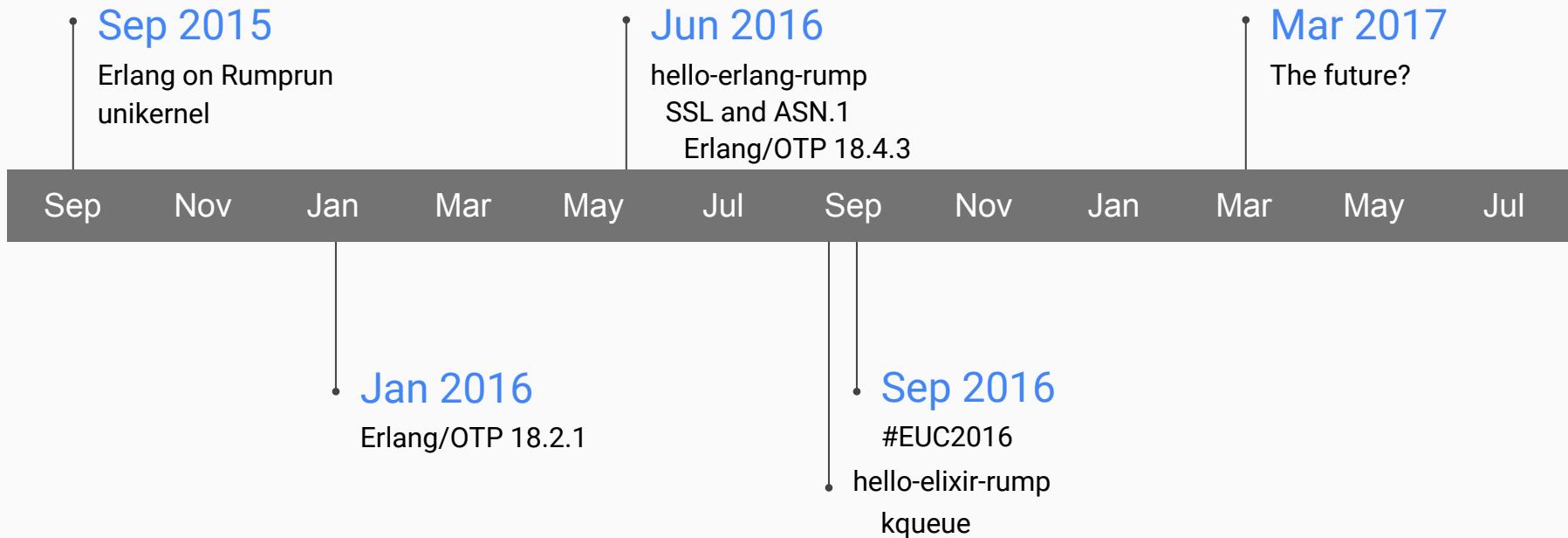


Erlang / Elixir Platform

Building for the next
generation of services

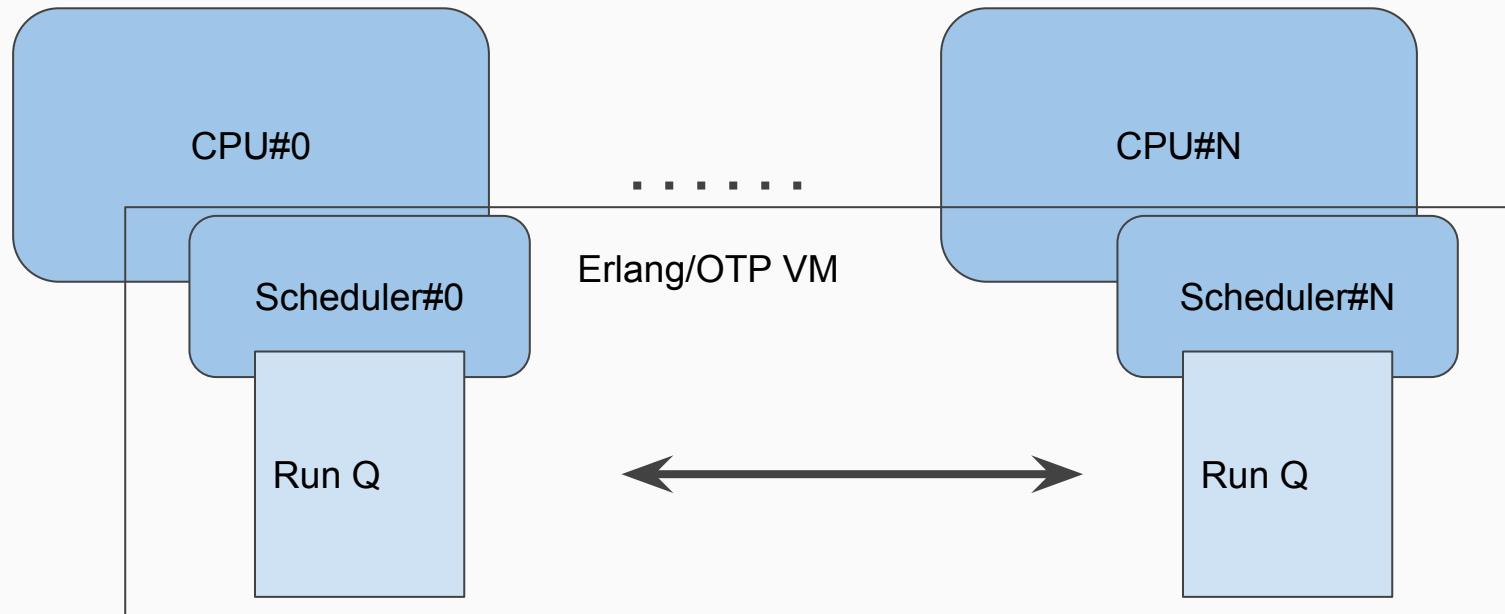
Milestones

Where are we?



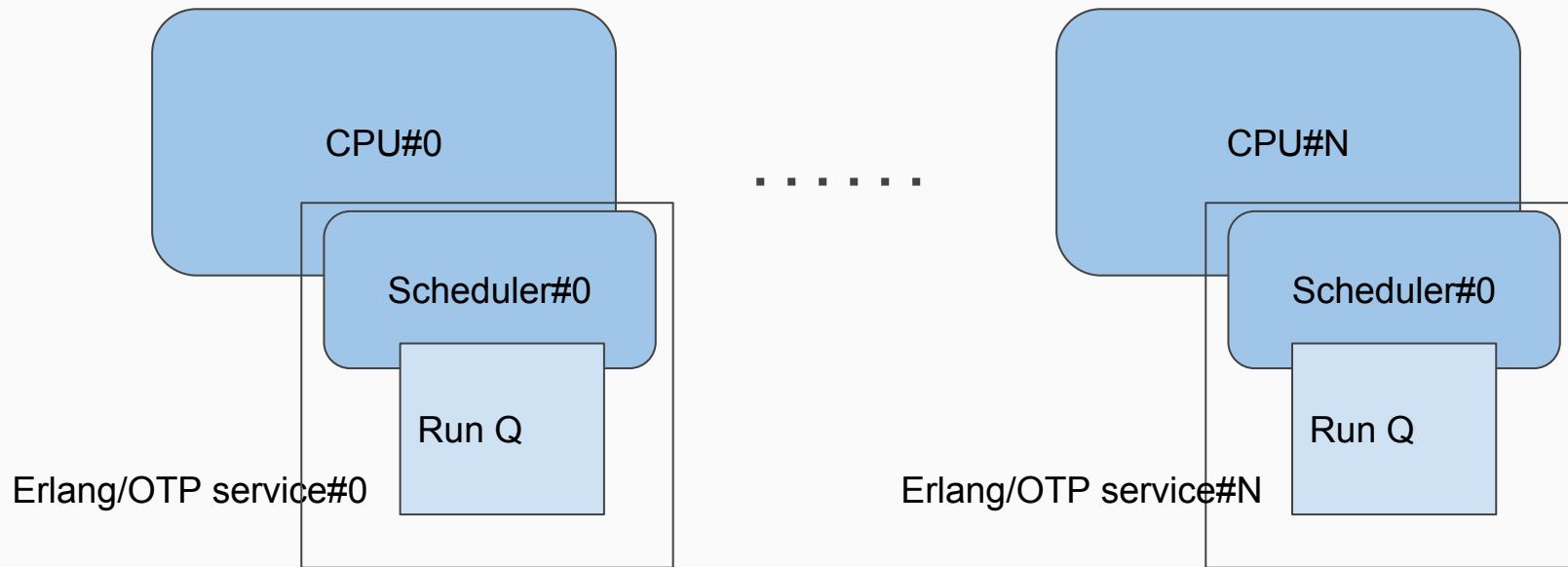
Erlang/OTP Multicore Architecture

for Erlang/OTP VM running on many cores



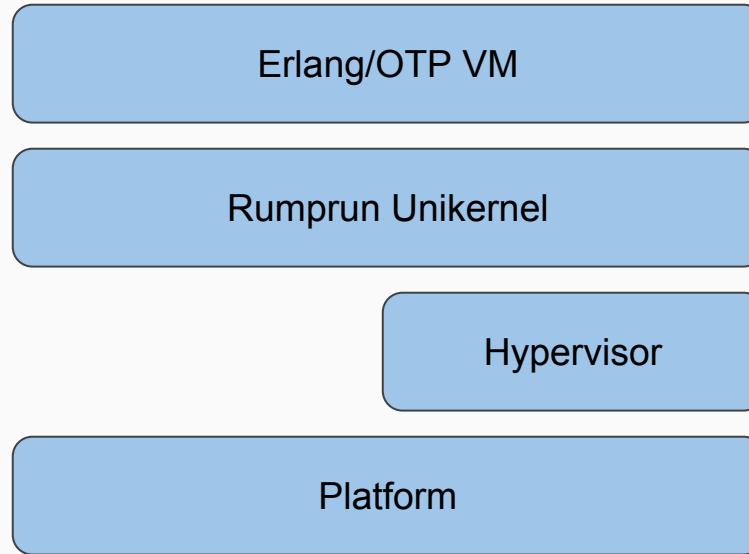
Erlang/OTP Microservice Architecture

(each *Erlang/OTP VM without SMP*)



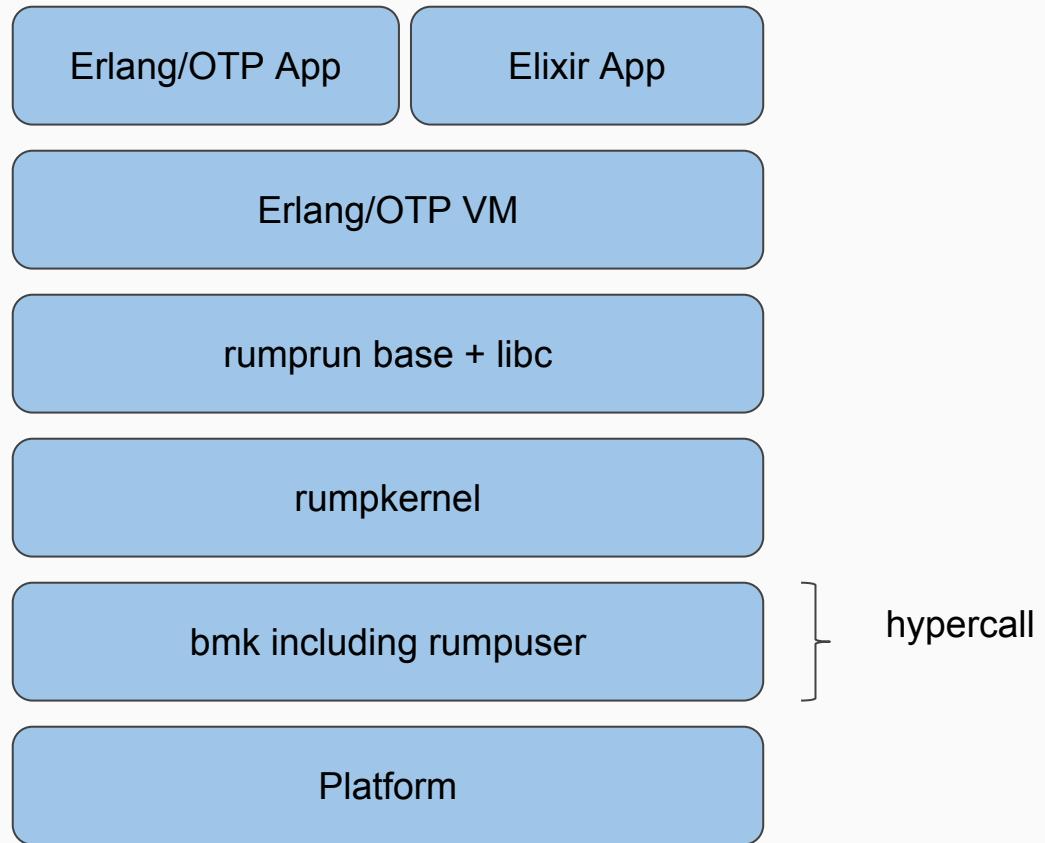
Erlang/OTP or Elixir Stack

The platform stack



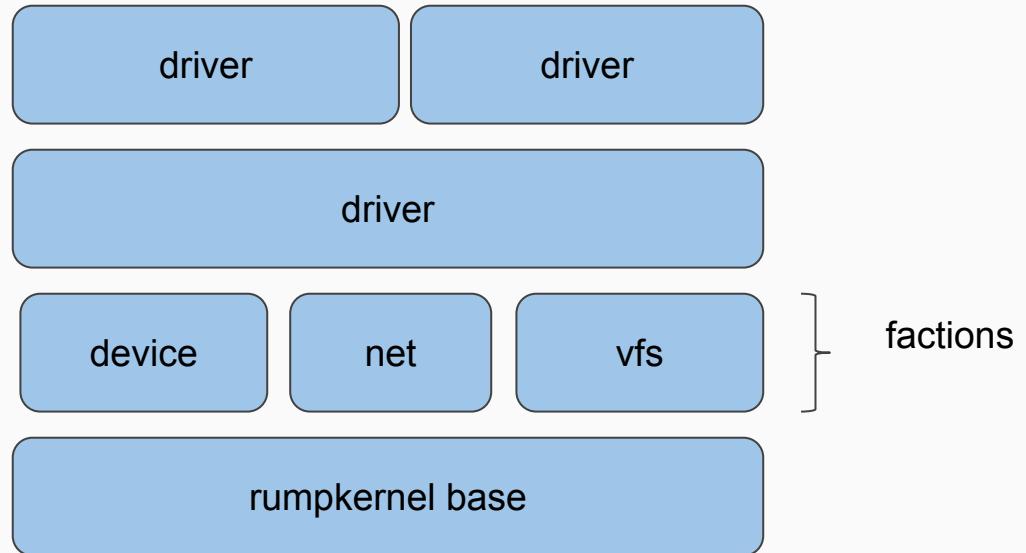
Erlang/OTP or Elixir Stack

The platform stack of Erlang/OTP or Elixir



Rump Kernel

A very high level view.



How it's done?

The way to get started is to quit talking and begin doing.

- Walt Disney

The Build Process {how it works}

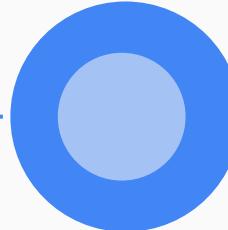
Step 1

Build rumprun unikernel
base



Step 2

Build
rumprun-packages
Erlang/OTP base



Step 3

Build Erlang/Elixir
application and
package everything
together



Let's Build Something - Dependencies

```
$ sudo apt-get install -y g++ libssl-dev
```

```
$ sudo apt-get install -y libncurses5-dev
```

```
$ sudo apt-get install -y genisoimage wget
```

Let's Build Something - hello-elixir-rump

```
$ git clone https://github.com/neeraj9/hello-elixir-rump  
$ cd hello-elixir-rump  
$ make -f Makefile.rumprun .rumprun_packages_built  
$ make -f Makefile.elixir .elixir_builtin
```

hello-elixir-rump - Setup Env, Hex and Rebar3

```
$ source setenv.sh
```

```
$ mix local.hex --force
```

```
$ mix local.rebar --force
```

hello-elixir-rump - Install Phoenix

```
$ mix archive.install  
https://github.com/phoenixframework/archives/raw/master/phoenix_new.ez --force
```

hello-elixir-rump - Build App

```
$ cd hello_phoenix
```

```
$ MIX_ENV=prod mix do deps.get, compile, phoenix.digest,  
release
```

```
$ cd ..
```

hello-elixir-rump - App release artifact

hello_phoenix/

rel/

hello_phoenix/

releases/

0.0.1/

hello_phoenix.tar.gz

hello-elixir-rump - Create ukernel image

```
$ ./create-ukernel.sh
```

Artifact: hello_phoenix-0.0.1.iso

hello-elixir-rump - Setup Network Interface

```
$ sudo ip tuntap add tap0 mode tap
```

```
$ sudo ip addr add 10.0.120.100/24 dev tap0
```

```
$ sudo ip link set dev tap0 up
```

hello-elixir-rump - Run with KVM

```
$ PATH=build/rumprun/rumprun/bin:$PATH \  
./run-elixir-vm --virt=kvm --iso=hello_phoenix-0.0.1.iso
```

Monitor the console output in parallel:

```
$ tail -f serial.log
```

Erlang/OTP Details

It's the little details that are vital. Little things make big things happen.

- John Wooden

erl_inetrc

Inet configuration

```
%% -- ERLANG INET CONFIGURATION FILE --
{file, hosts, "/opt/erlang/hosts"}.
%% do not monitor the hosts file
{hosts_file, ""}.
{file, resolv, "/opt/erlang/resolv.conf"}.
%% set resolv_conf as well, otherwise things don't work
{resolv_conf, "/opt/erlang/resolv.conf"}.
%% enable EDNS version 0
{edns,0}.
%% cache_size default value is 100
{cache_size, 50}.
%% lookup method is both file and dns
{lookup, [file, dns]}.
```

Patches

Deviating from the Erlang/OTP
standard release

- **815.patch**
 - by Peter Lemenkov
 - EPMD in Erlang
- **erlonrump-18.0.patch**
 - Don't build shared objs in crypto
- **have_SCTP.patch**
 - source: NetBSD changeset
 - Merged by Igor Galić
 - No sctp delayed ack time support
- **Pcre-build-avoidance.patch**
 - Ensures Erlang use its own pcre library

Erlang/OTP Build

Building Erlang/OTP for host and
Rumprun unikernel (cross compilation)

Configured without

- odbc, wx, debugger, et, javac, hipe, ic, orber, pman, toolbar, tv, webtool, typer, observer, cos*

Cross Compiled with

- Static NIF, drivers
- SSL (LibreSSL default)
- Kqueue

Cross Compiled without

- termcap

Erlang/OTP Built

Artifacts of the Erlang/OTP build

Artifacts:

- **build/host_erlangdist**
 - Usable on Host OS
- **build/erlangdist**
 - Cross compiled for Rumprun target
- **beam.hw.bin**
 - Erlang VM Kernel Image

The Erlang VM has prefix
`/opt/erlang`

Rumprun Unikernel + Erlang / Elixir

*Rumprun Unikernel + Erlang / Elixir =
Microservices Architecture*

*Rumprun Unikernel gives “micro”, while
Erlang / Elixir complements with “services”
to complete the Microservice story.*

Why Rumprun Unikernel?

- Stable - uses NetBSD anykernel architecture
- Cache friendly
- Avoids double preemptive scheduler (cooperative threading) - Erlang VM to the rescue
- No context switching
- No virtual memory - lesser complexity when you don't need one
- Keep what you need - configurable to include/exclude components
- No fork/exec - Erlang VM provides processes

Why Rumprun Unikernel? ...

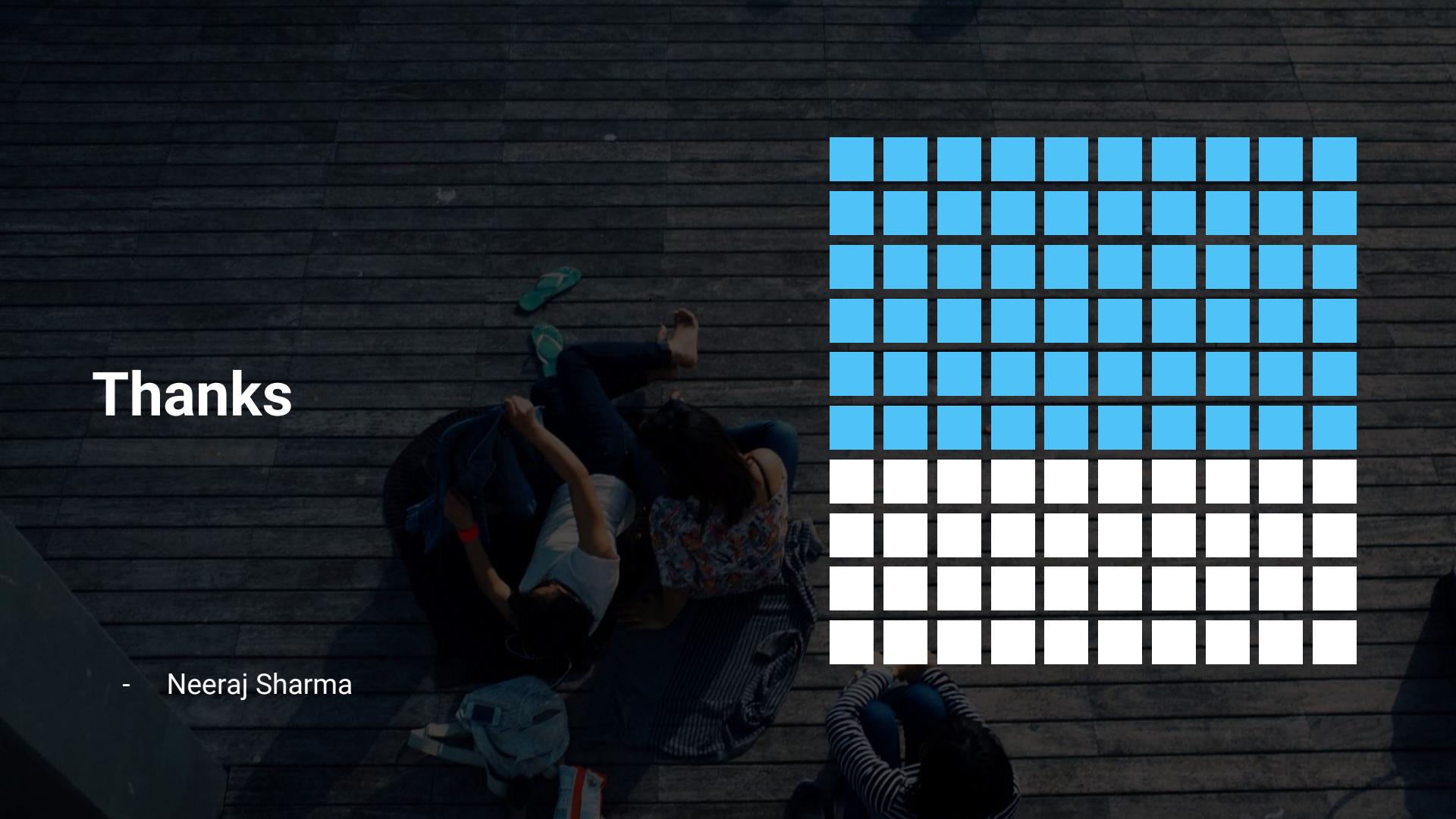
- Small codebase* - minimal attack surface
- Frowns upon shared objects - Forces static linking and loading
- Devoid of bloat - Erlang/OTP provides bulk of tooling
- Sysproxy* - remote syscalls for the debugging/detailed tooling
- License permissive of commercial use

The Future?

- Docker Integration*
- Rebar3 Integration*
- Revisit EPMD*
- Tune Memory Architecture - Can we get rid of mmap?
- Async Thread Pool - Should it work?
- Test Coverage - It has to begin sometime
- Build Integration - A better integration with rebar3
- Clean Clustering - A better way to enable clustering

{Demo} inevitably
fails, but then I am
running stateless* !

github.com/neeraj9/euc2016-cool-demo



Thanks

- Neeraj Sharma

