

Riak in 33 seconds

Distributed datastore

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What is Riak?

- ▶ non-relational database
- ▶ distributed
- ▶ fault-tolerant
- ▶ scalable



Why?

all nodes equal

A yellow sticky note with a close button in the top right corner and a corner icon in the bottom right corner. It contains the following text:

ec2
linear scalability
chef - automation

Why?

easily accessible

Why?

self healing

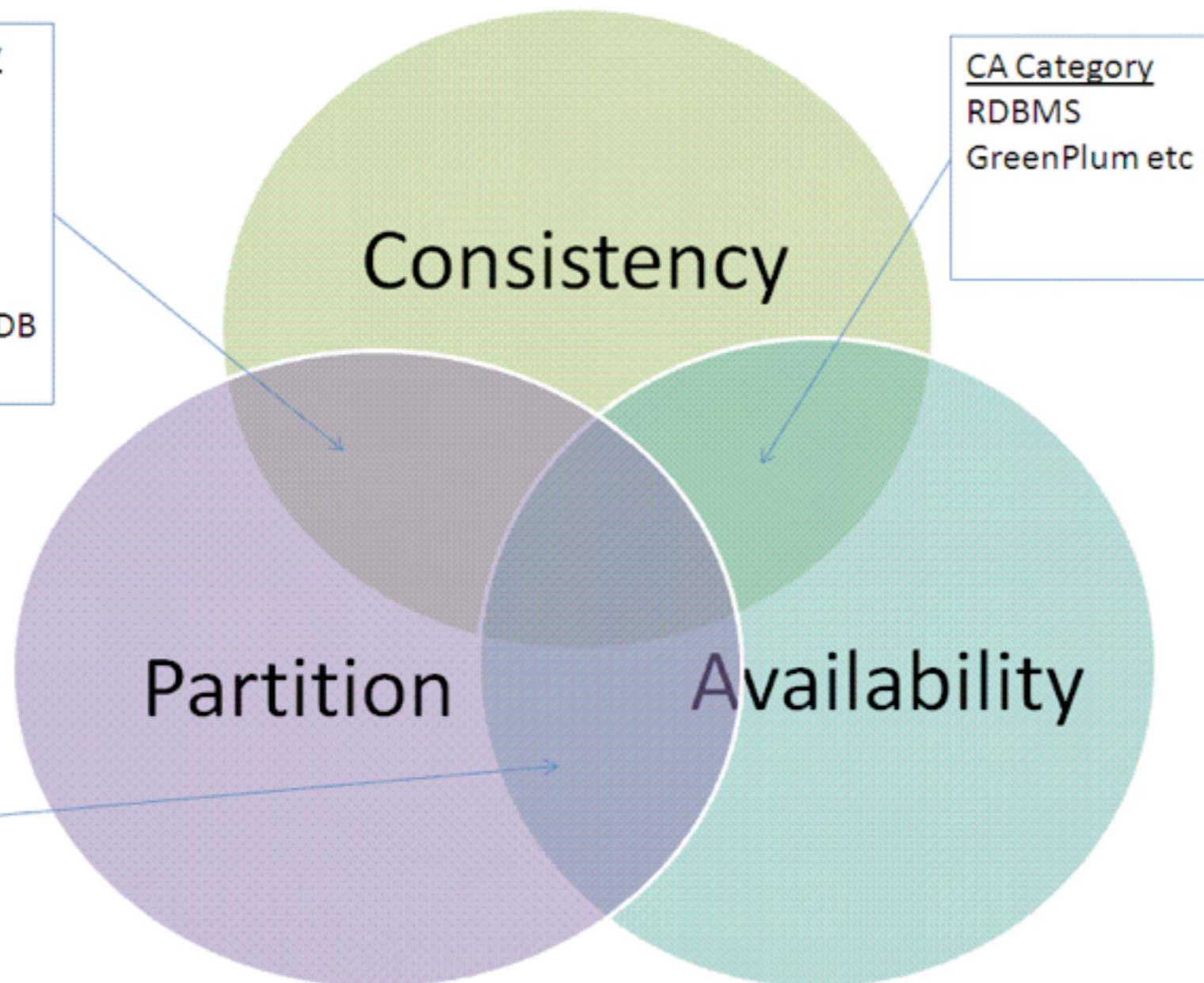
handful of words

- ▶ document / object
- ▶ {bucket, key} → value
- ▶ link
- ▶ vclock



http://isuckatanimation.com/blog/wp-content/uploads/2009/08/amazons3_bucket.jpg

CAP Theorem



Eric Brewer

Every distributed
system

Pick Two

http://2.bp.blogspot.com/_S1OQqsgO8Vs/S-NwsyqJwPI/AAAAAAAAACfU/Lo44suCk_uw/s1600/UPick2-NoSQL.GIF

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even more letters...

N - replicas
R - read ACK
W - write ACK



Consistency vs Throughput
Consistency vs Availability
Storage space vs Availability

...

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<http://www.benchmark.pl/uploads/image/datacenter.gif>

Erlang

CAP in a real life

- ▶ $N = 3, R = 3, W = 1$
- ▶ no node can be down for reads
- ▶ two nodes can be down for write
- ▶ we can change R and W per request



http://stylio.pl/zdjecia/499/499089_l/zjem_ci_szejka/full+cap+domo+..jpg

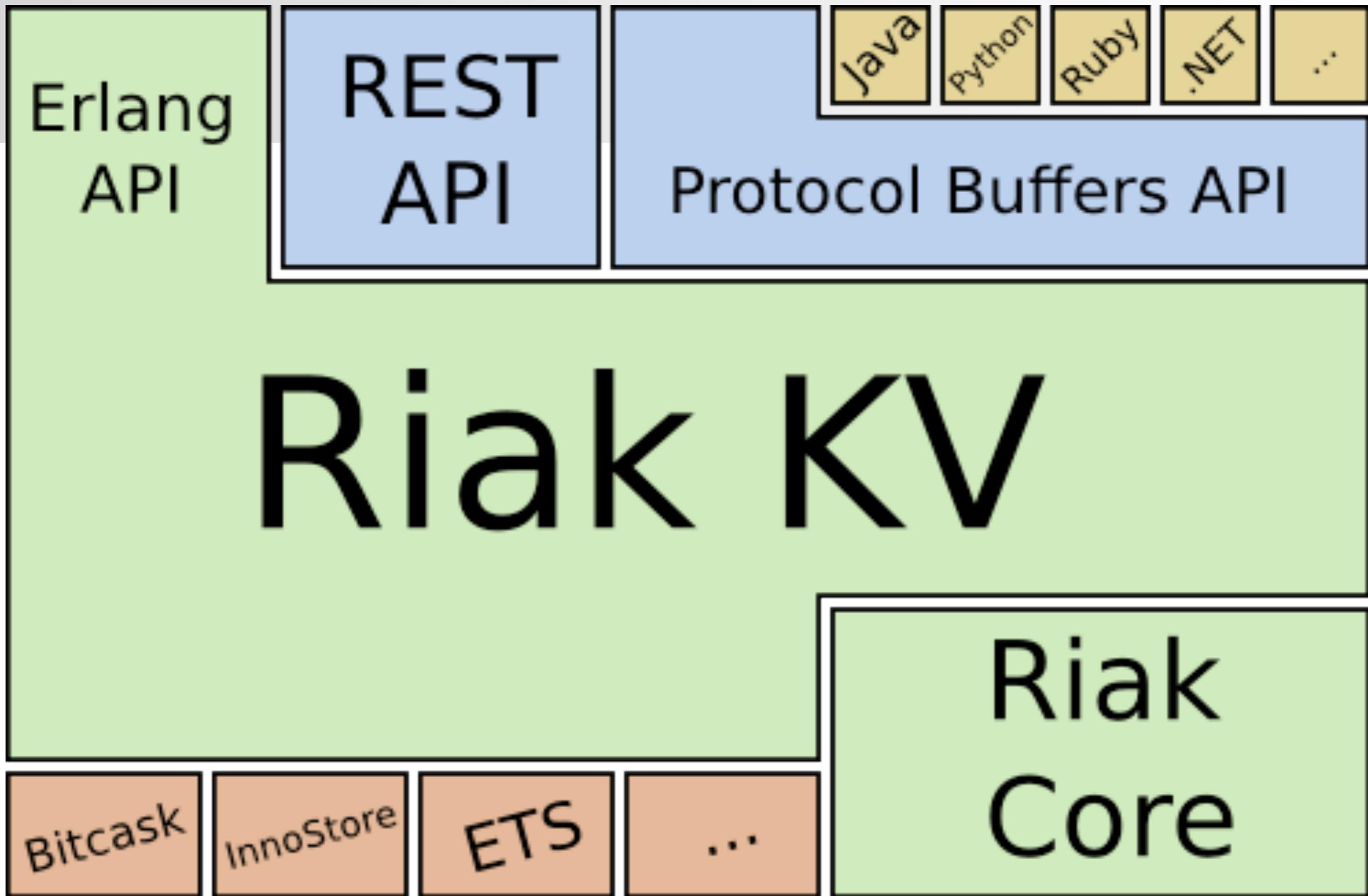
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Erlang

Architecture

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Obligatory NoSQL Slide

Fault-tolerance

by @jrecursive



map/reduce

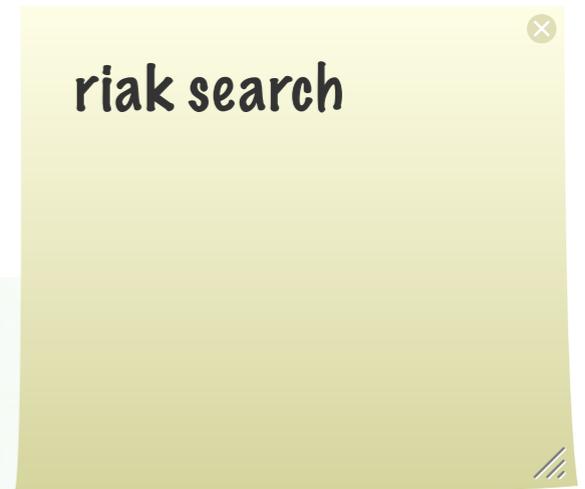
- ▶ in Erlang & JavaScript
- ▶ ‘Jobs’ build of **Map**, **Reduce**, **Link** ‘Phases’
- ▶ Parallel **N Maps** vs. **2 Reduces** (WiP)



<http://csshook.com/cssresources/wp-content/uploads/2009/03/old-world-map.jpg>



<http://www.ioss.com/shopping/images/t5033.jpg>



Pros

- ▶ scalable
- ▶ fault tolerant
- ▶ easy to manage on the cloud
- ▶ in Erlang ;-)

Cons

- ▶ You probably don't need it
- ▶ Real-world data happens to be relational
- ▶ Implementation still have few bugs

Thank You!